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Inventor: Marilee G. Berry

For: Channel Identification For Digital Broadcasts In Passenger Entertainment Systems

Doc. No.: 99PS014/KE

Enclosed are:

☒ 9 Sheets of Drawings.

☒ An Assignment of Invention to Rockwell Collins, Inc., Cedar Rapids, IA 52498.

☒ Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney.

☐ Information Disclosure Statement and references.

Claims as Filed

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Respectfully submitted,

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PATENT
99PS014/KE

PATENT APPLICATION
FOR
CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION FOR DIGITAL BROADCASTS IN
PASSENGER ENTERTAINMENT SYSTEMS
BY
MARILEE G. BERRY

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**CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION FOR DIGITAL BROADCASTS IN
PASSENGER ENTERTAINMENT SYSTEMS**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The invention relates generally to a passenger entertainment system and, more particularly, to a system and method for identifying program selections in a passenger entertainment system that provides video-on-demand, audio-on-demand, near video-on-demand, and digital audio and video broadcasts.

2. Description of the Related Art

Figure 1 illustrates selected components of a conventional passenger entertainment system, e.g., an in-flight entertainment (IFE) system, that employs a radio frequency (RF) cable 10 to deliver programming signals to the passenger seats 20. To deliver multiple programming signals to the passengers and thereby provide the passengers with programming choices, a video modulator 30 is used. In a typical arrangement, the video modulator 30 is connected to multiple video cassette players 31, 32, 33 that generate a plurality of different NTSC video streams and to a plurality of other inputs (not shown). The video modulator 30 receives the NTSC video stream inputs and the other inputs and modulates each input into a frequency band corresponding to one of multiple RF channels.

The passenger seats 20 are each equipped with a seat controller card (SCC) 40 that is tunable to the frequency bands corresponding to the multiple RF channels. The tuning of the SCC is carried out based on inputs from a passenger control unit (PCU) 50 that is provided for each passenger seat and operated by the passenger seated therein. For example, in a passenger entertainment system having 24 RF channels, the PCU 50 may be operated to tune the SCC to one of twenty-four (24) different RF channels. Once the SCC is tuned to receive from the RF channel

selected by the passenger, it demodulates the RF signal passed therethrough and sends it to a seat display unit (SDU) 60 for viewing.

When the passenger wants to find out what programming selections are available to him or her, the passenger may either channel surf, i.e., change the channels up or down sequentially until he or she finds a program of interest, or refer to a hardcopy of an entertainment guide provided by the airline and directly switch to the channel corresponding to the program of interest using a numeric keypad provided on the PCU 50. In either case, the selected channel number is the same as the RF channel number carrying the programming signal and that RF channel number is displayed to the passenger on the PCU 50 and/or the SDU 60 to identify or indicate to the passenger the channel number that he or she has selected. The channel identification in the above manner is possible, because only one programming signal or stream is carried on a single RF channel.

However, when more than one programming signal or stream are carried on a single RF channel, e.g., in an IFE that delivers MPEG video signals to the passenger seats where up to fifteen (15) streams may be carried on a single RF channel, the one-to-one correspondence between the RF channels and the program channels breaks down and consequently the conventional way of identifying program channels is no longer adequate.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a system and method of identifying program channel selections in a passenger entertainment system that delivers multiple programming signals to the passenger seats on a single RF channel.

The invention also provides a system and method of transmitting programming signals and program information to the passenger seats, wherein channel surfing may be available to the passengers even when multiple programming signals are delivered on a single RF channel.

The invention further provides a system and method of allocating an RF channel and one of multiple streams in that RF channel to a particular program channel in a passenger entertainment system that provides video-on-demand, audio-on-demand, near video-on-demand, and digital audio and video broadcasts.

Additional objects, features and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description of preferred embodiments which follows.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is described in detail herein with reference to the drawings in which:

Figure 1 illustrates selected components of a conventional passenger entertainment system that employs an RF cable to deliver programming signals to the passenger seats;

Figure 2 conceptually illustrates a passenger entertainment system according to the invention;

Figure 3 illustrates selected components of the passenger entertainment system according to the invention;

Figure 4 illustrates programming signal paths in the passenger entertainment system according to the invention;

Figure 5 is a block diagram of an exemplary seat controller card used in the passenger entertainment system according to the invention;

Figure 6 is a table identifying program channels that are logically assigned according to the invention and their correlation to the RF channels;

Figure 7 is a flow diagram illustrating the program steps carried out by the system controller to transmit program information including channel assignment information to the passenger seats;

Figure 8 illustrates the data structure of media files that are stored and used in the passenger entertainment system according to the invention; and

Figure 9 illustrates a typical passenger input device by which the passenger makes programming selections.

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate presently preferred exemplary embodiments of the invention, and, together with the general description given above and the detailed description of the preferred embodiments given below, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figure 2 conceptually depicts the passenger entertainment system according to an embodiment of the invention. A passenger entertainment system for an aircraft or more concisely, an in-flight entertainment (IFE) system, is depicted here and all of the other figures. However, it is understood that the passenger entertainment system according to the invention may be implemented in any vehicle including buses, boats, trains, and jetfoils. Also, a description of some of the details of the passenger entertainment system has been omitted for clarity, and such details may be found in co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/085,180, filed May 26, 1998, entitled "Passenger Entertainment System, Method, and Article of Manufacture Having Improved Area Distribution Equipment," the contents of which are incorporated by reference herein.

Figure 2 shows a core subsystem 100 that is controlled by the aircraft crew through a graphic user interface (GUI) 102 to provide the following functionalities to the passengers: passenger address, audio and video entertainment, seat transfer and lockout, games, and surveys. The audio and video entertainment selections are made by the passengers using a passenger graphic user interface (GUI) 104. Statistics on the passenger selections are collected and stored for future analysis.

The audio and video entertainment includes analog broadcast of audio and video, digital broadcast of audio and video, video-on-demand, audio-on-demand, and near video-on-demand. The digital broadcast function permits multiple digital programs to be broadcast to the passenger seats over several program channels according to a predetermined schedule. The near video-on-demand function permits the same digital program to be broadcast in several successive showings, each started in staggered, regular time intervals. The video-on-demand or audio-on-demand function provides the passengers the ability to select a video or audio presentation and to start, pause, jump forward through, or jump backward through the selected video or audio presentation at any time.

The passenger entertainment system of Figure 2 further comprises various storage units including a digital media storage unit 130, also known as a media file server (MFS), an aircraft configuration system (ACS) database 107, and an in-flight entertainment (IFE) database 108. The digital media storage unit 230 stores the digital audio and video programs including their set-up and other program information. The ACS database 107 stores data on the hardware configuration of the aircraft, including the number of digital media storage units, the number of video cassette players, the number of RF channels, and others. The IFE database 108 is a storage unit for the system controller for the passenger entertainment system, known as a cabin file server (CFS) (see Figure 3). The CFS reads out the program information describing the digital audio and video programs from the digital media storage unit 130 and the aircraft configuration data from the ACS database 107, and generates an entertainment database (digital programming database) that describes the program channel assignment for each passenger seat on the aircraft. The entertainment database is stored in the IFE database 108 and transmitted to the SCC of each passenger seat for storage thereat.

Figure 3 illustrates the CFS 110 and other selected hardware components of the passenger entertainment system according to the invention. The CFS 110 is shown as part of the head end equipment group 101. The head end equipment group 101 also includes a printer 115 and a primary access terminal 120 coupled to the CFS 110 by an ethernet connection. The primary access terminal 120 provides the operator interface (i.e., the crew GUI) to the passenger entertainment system. The CFS 110 is coupled to the MFS 130 through an ethernet hub (E-HUB) 125, by which Metadata (program information describing the media files stored on the MFS 130) is retrieved. The CFS 110 is shown connected to the ACS database 107 containing the aircraft configuration data and the IFE database 108 containing the entertainment database.

Under the control of the CFS 110 through an RS-485 bus, the MFS 130 generates a plurality of MPEG video streams. Up to five media file servers may be

provided and each media file server, in the exemplary embodiment, has three outputs. Each media file server is equipped with a quadrature amplitude modulation circuit which is able to compress up to 15 MPEG video streams into each of its three outputs.

In parallel with the plural MPEG video streams, a video cassette player 135 supplies NTSC video streams to the video modulator 140. The video modulator 140 receives the NTSC video streams from the video cassette player 135, the plural MPEG video streams from the MFS 130, and other inputs, the details of which are provided in co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/085,180, and produces a single RF output signal with multiple RF channels. The RF output signal is supplied to an overhead equipment group 300, and to a first and business class seat group 400 and an economy class seat group 500 via area distribution boxes (ADB) 210, 220.

Figure 4 illustrates the video modulator 140 receiving three sets of plural MPEG video streams from the MFS 130 and three NTSC video streams from the video cassette player 135, and producing a single RF output signal that carries all of the received signals in multiple RF channels. In the example shown, each one of RF channels 1-3 contains one of the three NTSC video streams from the video cassette player 135 and each one of RF channels 4-6 contains one of the three sets of plural (15) MPEG video streams from the MFS 130. The RF output signal is supplied to the ADB 210, 211 and to tapping units 310, 320 of the overhead equipment group 300, from which the RF output signal is distributed to an overhead monitor 330, or a bulkhead monitor 340 operated with a single lens projector 350.

From the ADB 210, 220, the RF output signal is distributed to audio-visual units (AVUs) 410 of the first and business class section 400, and to audio-visual units (AVUs) 510 of the economy class section 500. Each one of AVU 410, 510 is provided for a set of two to three passenger seats and contains plural seat controller cards (SCCs), an exemplary one of which is shown in Figure 5. An SCC is provided for each passenger seat, and each SCC controls a corresponding seat

display unit (SDU) 420/520 and headphone 430/530, and is operated by a corresponding passenger control unit (PCU) 440/540.

The block diagram of a representative SCC 515 and its corresponding SDU 520, headphone 530 and PCU 540 are illustrated in Figure 5. The SCC 515 includes a microprocessor 571, a memory 572, and a tuner 573 that is used to extract a signal from one of the RF channels of the multi-channel RF output signal. The selection of the RF channel is made using the PCU 540. The extracted signal is then demodulated using either an analog demodulator 574 or a QAM demodulator 575. An audio-video card 576 processes the demodulated signal and outputs video signals to the SDU 520 and audio signals to the headphone 530.

In the exemplary IFE system shown in Figure 3, a 24-channel video modulator 140 is used and, as a result, the RF output signal generated by the video modulator 140 and supplied to the passenger seats contains 24 RF channels. The number of program channels, however, is greater than 24, because multiple video streams, up to 15, may be carried on a single RF channel. In the IFE system according to the exemplary embodiment, 28 program channels (PCU channels 01-28) are carried on the 24 RF channels, as shown in Figure 6. Figure 6 also shows a column labeled "UPCU Channel." This column is provided for embodiments where a universal passenger control unit (UPCU) is used. The UPCU operates like a PCU except that its channel identifier includes 4 characters, both alpha and numeric.

The program channel assignments are carried out by the CFS 110 executing the program steps set forth in Figure 7. First, upon power-up of the IFE system, the CFS 110 accesses the ACS database 107 to retrieve data about the IFE system configuration, e.g., the number of media file servers, the number of video cassette players, and the number of RF channels that the video modulator 140 is configured for, and reads in program data corresponding to each of the media files stored in the MFS 130 (Steps 702 and 704) to determine the program channel assignment and the service type of the media files stored at the MFS 130.

The contents of program data 113 for a typical media file is shown in Figure 8. They include a media ID, display characters LCD, display characters PCU, movie cycle ID, service map AVOD, service map BDAV, and service map NVOD. The media ID is the file identifier or file name of this media file. Display characters LCD are characters, to be displayed at the SDU 520, corresponding to the program channel that has been pre-assigned to this media file. Display characters PCU are characters, to be displayed at the PCU 540, corresponding to the program channel that has been pre-assigned to this media file.

Instead of carrying the fields “display characters LCD” and “display characters PCU,” the program data 113 may be configured to point to a table which is stored on the CFS and downloaded as part of the entertainment database to the seats. The characters that are to be displayed at the SDU 520 and the PCU 540 are stored at these table locations. This adds greater flexibility, so that both 2-character and 4-character PCUs may be used on a single aircraft and may be extended to work with analog video selections as well as the digital ones.

The movie cycle ID defines the start and stop times of the broadcasting of this media file so that the a common intermission can be set for all digital broadcasts. The service maps AVOD, BDAV, and NVOD are bits that are set to define whether this media file is enabled for audio/video-on-demand (AVOD), broadcast digital audio/video (BDAV), or near video-on-demand (NVOD). The display characters LCD and PCU, and the service map bits AVOD, BDAV, and NVOD are defined separately for each available class of service, so that, for example, a media file may be enabled for AVOD in the first and business class section and pre-assigned program channel 27, but enabled for BDAV in the economy class section and pre-assigned program channel 10.

For example, a media file for “Toy Story 2” containing the following program data:

Media ID - D0001

Display Characters LCD - 27, 25, 10

Display Characters PCU - 27, 25, 10

Movie Cycle ID - 0, 0, 0

Service Map AVOD - 1, 0, 0

Service Map BDAV - 0, 0, 1

Service Map NVOD - 0, 1, 0

would have a file name of D0001 and the LCD/PCU channel assignment in First Class would be 27, in Business Class 25, and in Economy Class 10. Further, the movie cycle would be disabled in all three classes and the movie would be enabled for video-on-demand in First Class, for near video-on-demand in Business Class, and broadcast digital in Economy Class. The program data for all of the media files stored at the MFS 130 are interpreted and program channels are assigned to these media files by the CFS 110 in a similar manner (Step 706).

Subsequently, the CFS 110 assigns the 24 RF channels to the program channels (Step 708 of Figure 7). The program channels 01-09 are assigned to analog video streams carried on RF channels 1, 2, 3, and 5-10. The program channels 10-24 which are to carry feature films #7-21, respectively, as designated by the program data for these media files, are assigned to RF channel 11 and its 15 streams. The program channel 25 which is to carry feature film #15 on a near video-on-demand basis, as designated by the program data for this media file, is assigned to RF channel 12 and its 15 streams, and the program channel 26 which is to carry feature film #16 on a near video-on-demand basis, as designated by the program data for this media file, is assigned to RF channel 13 and its 15 streams. The program channel 27 which is to carry video-on-demand movies is assigned to RF channels 14-22, and the program channel 28 which is to carry audio-on-demand selections is assigned to RF channels 23-24. The program channel assignment

information is then stored at the IFE database and transmitted to the corresponding passenger seats (Step 710). At each passenger seat, the program channel assignment information is stored in the memory 572 of the corresponding SCC 515 (Step 712).

In the above example, the RF channel assignments were based on an IFE system having a 24-channel video modulator, 2 triple-deck video cassette players, and 5 media file servers, wherein each MFS has 3 RF outputs, each capable of delivering 27 Mbps of data or 15 independently controllable streams. With a different aircraft configuration, e.g., a 12-channel video modulator, one triple-deck video cassette player, and one media file server, the RF channel assignments would have been different. For example, the RF channels 8-10 would not have been assigned to program channels 07-09, because these program channels would be unused as only one video cassette player is employed in the IFE system. In place of program channel 07, the RF channel 8 would have been assigned to program channels 10-24, the RF channel 9 to program channel 25, and RF channel 10 to program channel 26. The remaining program channels would have been assigned to handle the video-on-demand and audio-on-demand selections. For this reason, upon power-up of the IFE system, the CFS 110 accesses the ACS database 107 and retrieves aircraft configuration data relating to the number of available RF channels, the number of media file servers, and the number of video cassette players, prior to the creation of the program channel assignment information.

Once the program channel assignment information is stored at the passenger seat, the passenger will be able to browse the available programs by title, view descriptive information about the programs, and select the programs by title. For example, given the program channel assignment of Figure 6, the passenger may view feature films #1-83 by title. If the passenger selects feature film #1, the SCC 515 at his or her seat will tune to RF channel 5, and display feature film #1 on the SDU 520 and the program channel number 05 on the PCU 540 and/or the SDU 520. If the passenger selects feature film #22, the SCC 515 will tune to RF channel

12, select and display the video stream corresponding to the next showing of the feature film #22, and display the program channel number 25 on the PCU 540 and/or the SDU 520. If the passenger selects feature film #24, the CFS 110 will select any of RF channels 14-16 that has an available stream and command the MFS 130 (in particular, MFS2) to transmit the selected film over the available stream. Also, the SCC 515 will tune to the appropriate RF channel, extract the programming signals from the appropriate stream, show the feature film #24 on the SDU 520, and display the program channel number 27 (or DV) on the PCU 540 and/or the SDU 520.

In the exemplary embodiment, five media file servers are provided for feature films #1-83, and each feature film is uniquely allocated to one of the five media file servers. However, in alternative embodiments, the same film may appear on multiple media file servers to increase the number of passengers who can view the same titles.

The passenger is also able to control the showing of feature film #24 or any other video-on-demand feature film or any audio-on-demand selection. The available control functions using the PCU 540 are: Start, Stop, Pause, Jump Back and Jump Forward. The start function begins playback of the program from the current stream position. The pause function temporarily stops playback of the selected program. The passenger will be able to resume playback from the point the program was paused. The stop function stops the playback and exits the program. The passenger will not be able to resume playback from the point the program was stopped. The jump forward function moves forward through the program at a fixed increment of time. The jump backward function moves backward through the program at a fixed increment of time.

Alternatively, the passenger is able to channel surf, i.e., select programs by using the channel increase/decrease buttons on the PCU 540 or by operating the numeric keypad on the PCU 540. For example, if the current program channel indication is 10 and the passenger operates the channel increase button, the program

channel indication changes to 11 and the feature film #8 is displayed on the SDU 520 instead of feature film #7. However, it should be noted that, in response to the channel increase operation, although the SCC 515 demodulates the stream corresponding to feature film #8, instead of the stream corresponding to feature film #7, the SCC 515 remains tuned to the same RF channel at 11.

If the current program channel indication is 10 and the passenger operates the numeric keypad to enter 25, a near video-on-demand selection, the SCC 515 will tune to the RF channel corresponding to the program channel 25, i.e., RF channel 12, and display the stream corresponding to the next showing of the feature film #22 on the SDU 520. Also, the program channel number 25 will be displayed on the PCU 540 and/or the SDU 520.

Figure 9 is a more detailed illustration of the PCU 540 that is used to make program channel selections. Alternatively to the PCU 540, a universal PCU or a touch panel may be provided. The functions available through the PCU includes menu navigation using arrow keys 901, 902, volume control with volume +/- keys 903, 904, program channel selection with numeric keypad 905 or channel +/- keys 906, 907, and a menu button 908 for selection of functions such as start, pause, stop, jump forward, and jump back. The PCU also has a display 910, capable of showing 2 or more characters representing 01-99, to display channel selections, or a 4-character display as with the UPCU, capable of showing channels 0001-9999 as well as alphanumerics.

While particular embodiments according to the invention have been illustrated and described above, it will be clear that the invention can take a variety of forms and embodiments within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. A method of indicating program selections in a passenger entertainment system including a seat controller unit receiving programming signals over a plurality of radio frequency (RF) channels and generating display signals from the programming signals, wherein the program selections are made through a passenger control unit, said method comprising the steps of:

assigning a program channel to each of the program selections available to the passenger;

allocating one of the RF channels to carry programming signals corresponding to more than one program channel; and

displaying the program channel corresponding to a program selection carried on the allocated one of the RF channels, and displaying the program channel corresponding to another program selection carried on the allocated one of the RF channels in response to a change in the program selection using the passenger control unit.

2. The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of displaying the display signals of the programming signals corresponding to the program selection.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the program selection is changed using up/down channel selection buttons on the passenger control unit and wherein a program channel that is next in sequence to the program channel corresponding to a current program selection is displayed in response to an up channel selection and a program channel that is previous in sequence to the program channel corresponding to the current program selection is displayed in response to a down channel selection.

4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the allocated one of the RF channels carries a plurality of data streams, each carrying programming signals corresponding to a different one of said more than one program channel.

5. The method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
retrieving configuration data that specifies the number of RF
channels;

allocating a first plurality of RF channels to carry programming
signals from a first device generating NTSC video streams based on the
configuration data; and

allocating a second plurality of RF channels to carry programming
signals from a second device generating MPEG video streams based on the
configuration data.

6. The method according to claim 5, wherein each of the first plurality
of RF channels carries a single NTSC video stream and each of the second plurality
of RF channels carries multiple MPEG video streams.

7. The method according to claim 6, further comprising the step of allocating one of the second plurality of RF channels to carry multiple MPEG video streams corresponding to one program channel.

8. The method according to claim 7, wherein said one program channel corresponds to a near video-on-demand program channel.

9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the multiple MPEG video streams corresponding to the near video-on-demand program channel correspond to a single program selection and are transmitted over said one RF channel at different start times.

10. The method according to claim 7, wherein said one program channel corresponds to a video-on-demand program channel.

11. The method according to claim 10, wherein the multiple MPEG video streams corresponding to the video-one-demand program channel correspond to different program selections and are transmitted over said one RF channel at a start time commanded by the passenger.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A passenger entertainment system having video-on-demand, audio-on-demand, near video-on-demand, and digital and audio broadcast capabilities delivers multiple programming signals to the passenger seats. The system allocates an RF channel and one of multiple streams in that RF channel to a particular program channel so that channel surfing may be available to the passengers even when multiple programming signals are delivered on a single RF channel.

1

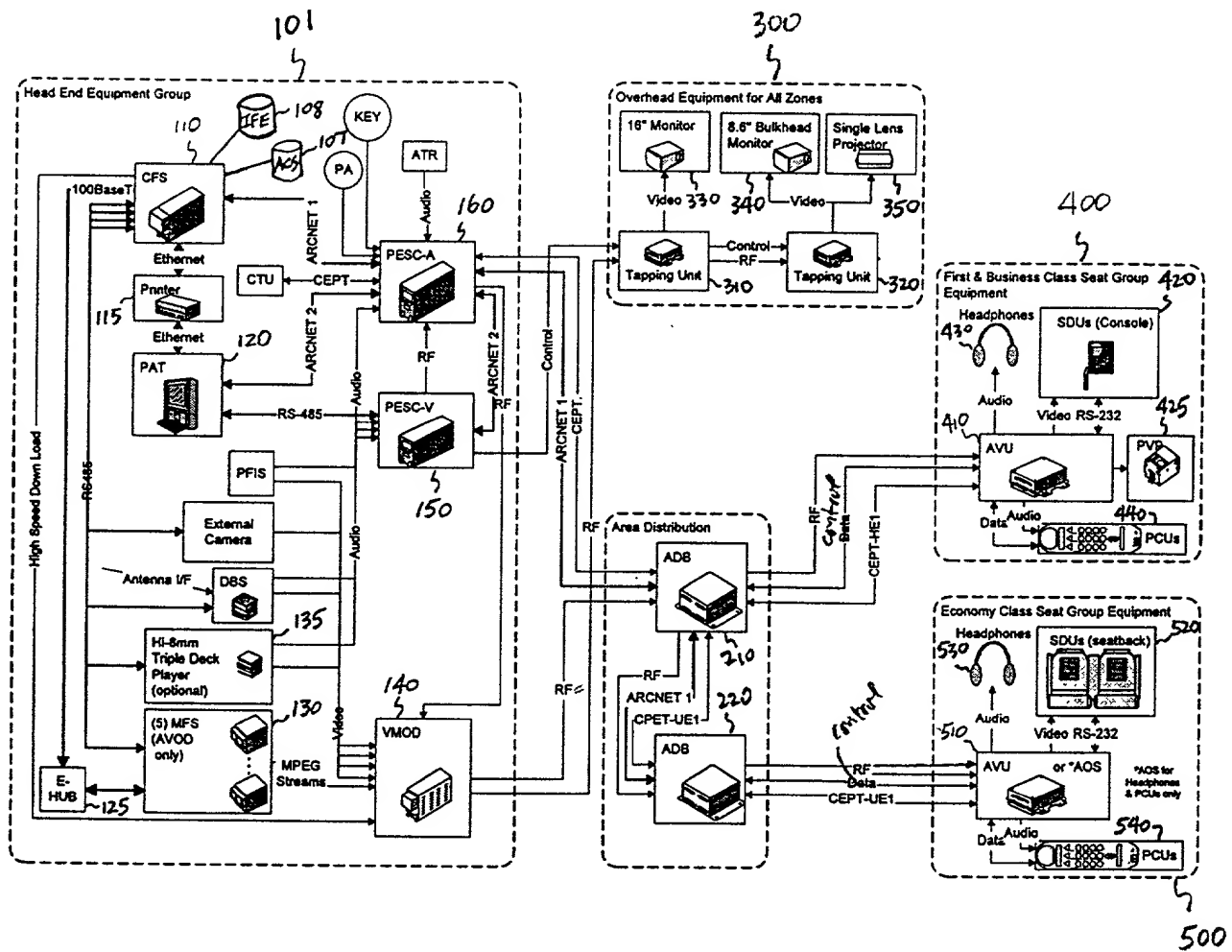


FIGURE 3

The diagram illustrates a multi-channel video distribution system. On the left, two input sources are shown: a 'Teac Hi-8mm Triple Deck' (labeled 135) and a 'Media File Server (MFS)' (labeled 130). Both sources feed into a central 'Video Modulator (VMO)' (labeled 140). The VMO outputs an RF signal to a multi-channel distribution unit. This unit consists of six parallel channels: 'Teac Hi-8mm Channel 1', 'Teac Hi-8mm Channel 2', 'Teac Hi-8mm Channel 3', 'AVOD Channel 4 (15 streams)', 'AVOD Channel 5 (15 streams)', and 'AVOD Channel 6 (15 streams)'. The output of this unit is an RF signal sent to an 'Audio Video Unit (AVU)' (labeled 410, 510). Finally, the AVU outputs signals to three separate 'Display' units (labeled 420, 520).

FIGURE 4

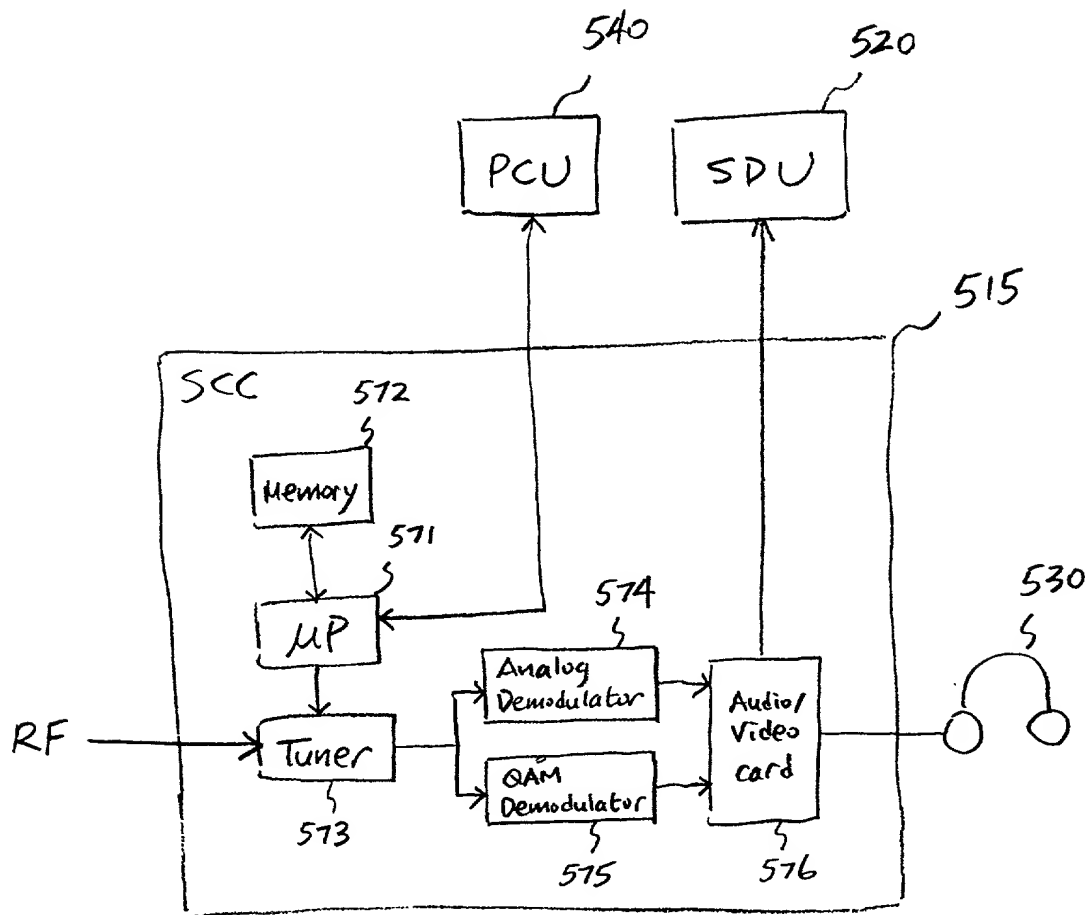


FIGURE 5

UPCU Channel	PCU Channel	RF Channel	Stream	Content	Source	Lang1 Slice	Lang2 Slice	Usage
MAP	MP or 01	1	N/A	Moving Map	Airshow	1	2	Continuous
VIEW	VW or 02	2	N/A	Outside View	Camera	N/A	N/A	Continuous
[none]	[none]	4	N/A	High Speed Download	CFS			
SA	SA or 03	One from 3, 5 - 10	N/A	Safety Video	1 VR(e.g. SVHS or Teac)	3	4	Video Announcement
M03	04	One from 3, 5 - 10	N/A	Monthly Magazine	1 VR(e.g. SVHS or Teac)	5	6	Continuous
M04 - M08	05 - 09	One from 3, 5 - 10	N/A	Feature Film #1 - 5 Broadcasts	5 VRs (e.g. 2 Teac Triples) and/or up to 3 re-routed digital sources to the VCC SCCs	7,9,11, ...,17	8,10,12, ...,18	Continuous
M09 - M23	10 - 24	11	1 - 15	Feature Films #7 - 21 Broadcast	MFS1 (30 hr)	N/A	N/A	Continuous
M24	25	12	1-12	Feature Film #15 NVID #22	MFS1 (31-32 hr)	N/A	N/A	At 10-minute intervals, a 120-minute movie gets full looping coverage w/ 12 streams
M25	26	13	1-12	Feature Film #16 NVID #23	MFS1 (33-34 hr)	N/A	N/A	(ditto)
VOD	DV or 27	14 - 16	1 - 15 per channel	45 VOD simulcasts of Films #24-43	MFS2 (40 hr)	N/A	N/A	The content is user-selectable from among 20 2-hr. movies.
VOD	DV or 27	17 - 19	1 - 15 per channel	45 VOD simulcasts of Films #44-63	MFS3 (40 hr)	N/A	N/A	The content is user-selectable from among 20 2-hr. movies.
VOD	DV or 27	20 - 22	1 - 15 per channel	45 VOD simulcasts of Films #64-83	MFS4 (40 hr)	N/A	N/A	The content is user-selectable from among 20 2-hr. movies.
AOD	DA or 28	23 - 24	1 - 15 per channel	45 AOD simulcasts	MFS5 (500 hr)	N/A	N/A	The content is user-selectable from among 500 1-hr. programs.
A01 - A70	29 - 98	N/A	N/A	Audio	PRAM, etc.	19,21,23,...87	20,22,24,...88	Continuous

FIGURE 6

005250 29532560

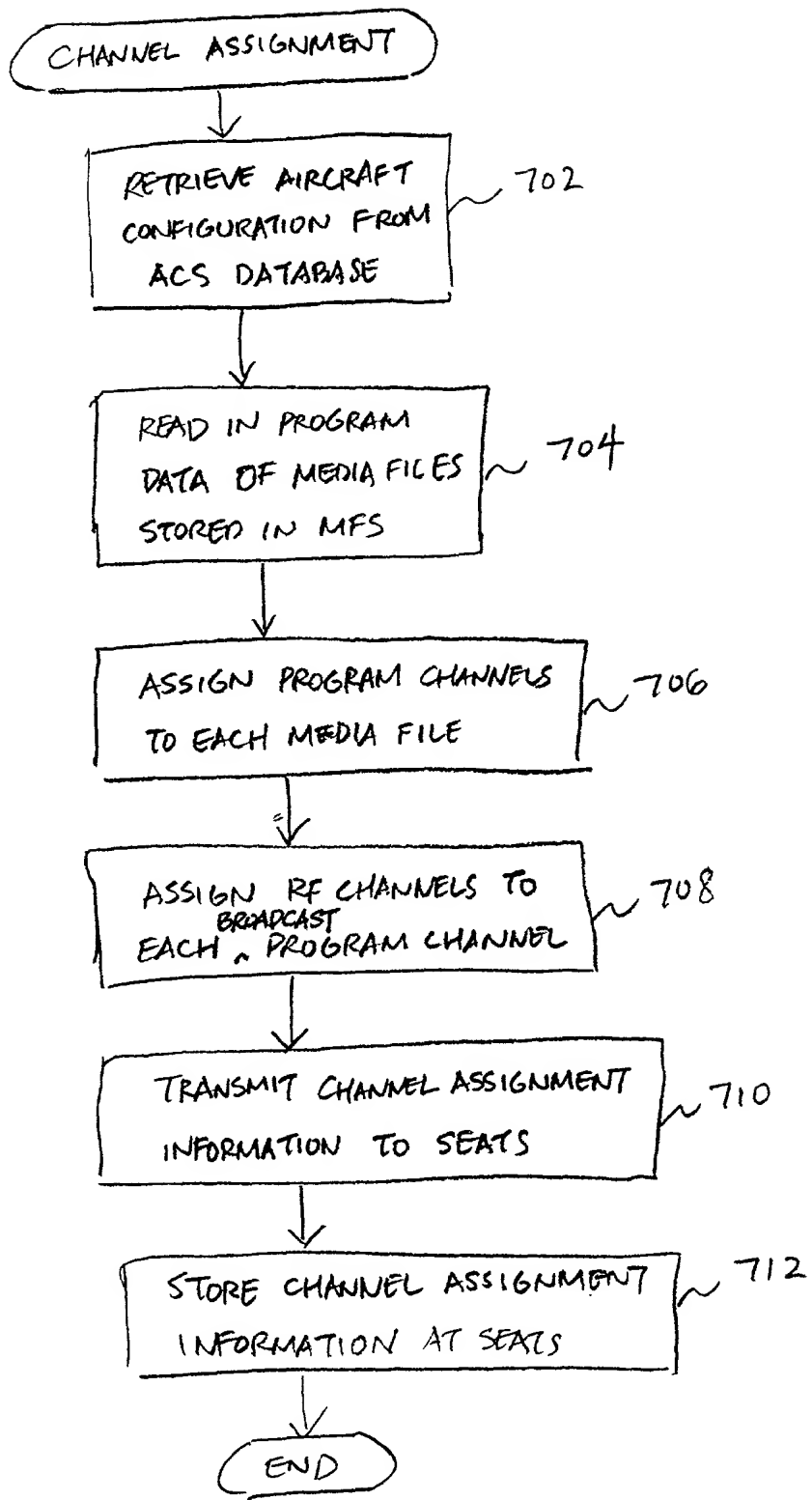


FIGURE 7

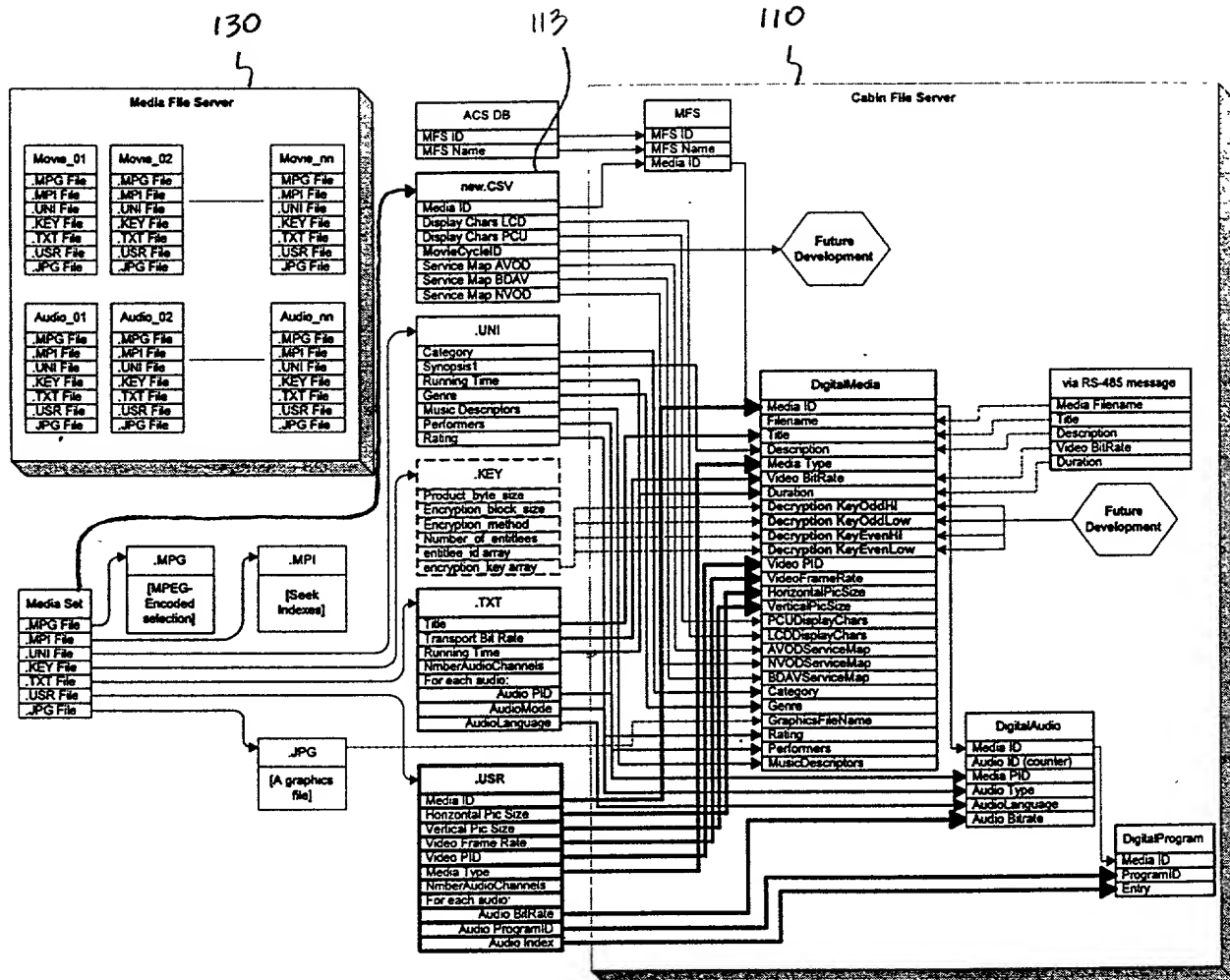


FIGURE 8

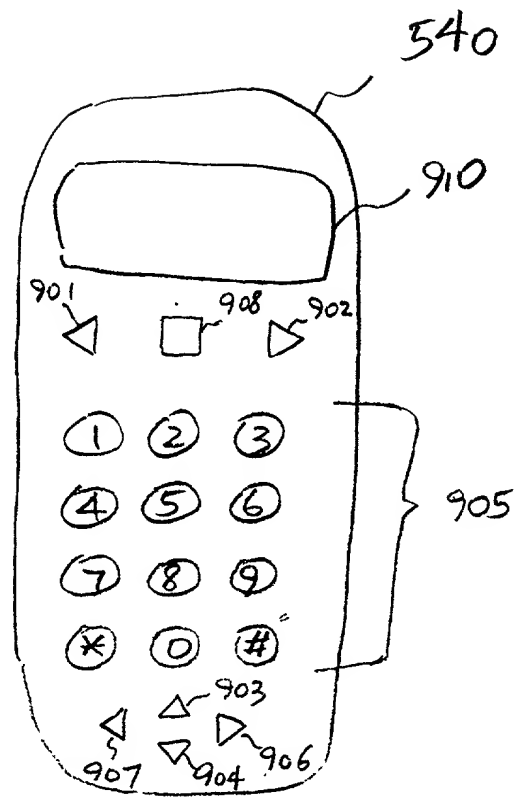
[illegible]

FIGURE 9

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

Docket #99PS014/KE

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are list below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the **Channel Identification For Digital Broadcasts In Passenger Entertainment Systems**, the specification of which

(check one) ☒ is attached hereto.
☐ was filed on _____ as
☐ Application Serial No. _____
and was amended on _____.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s) None

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial Number)	(Filing Date)	(Status -patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Kyle Eppele, Reg. #34,155, James P. O'Shaughnessy, Reg. #27,667, John J. Horn, Reg. # 28,803, John M. Miller, Reg. # 38,560, John J. Deinken, Reg. #28,406, William R. Walbrun, Reg. # 37,464, and Nathan O. Jensen, Reg. #41,460.

Address all telephone calls to Kyle Eppele at telephone no. (319) 295-8280
Address all communications to ROCKWELL COLLINS, INC.
Attention: Kyle Eppele M/S 124-323
400 Collins Rd. NE
Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52498

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Inventor's Signature Marilee G. Berry Date 5-11-00
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Full name of second joint inventor, if any _____
Second Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____
Residence _____ Citizenship _____
Post Office Address _____

Full name of third joint inventor, if any _____
Third Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____
Residence _____ Citizenship _____
Post Office Address _____